

superior ability and exemplary character, son of John Marshall; m. Aug. 1189, Isabel de Clare (17-27), d. 1220, den, of Richard de Clare "Strongbow", Earl of Pembroke, and Eva., dau, of Dermot MacMarrough, King of Leinster in Ireland,
 28, Eva Marshall, d, before 1246; m, William de Braiose, d. 2 May 1230, 6th Baron of Braioae, Lord of Abergavenny, 1228-30.

Line 7 A

28, Maud Marshall, d, 27 Mar, 1248, daughter of William Marshall and Isabel de Clare; m, 1207/12, Hugh Bigod, d. Feb. 1224/6, 3rd Earl of Norfolk, Feb. 1221, Magna Charta Surety, 1215. son of Roger Bigod, b. ca. 1160, d. before Aug, 1221, Baron le Bigod, Lord High Steward of England, 2nd Earl of Norfolk, 1189, Magna Charta Surety 1215, and Ida.
 29. Isabel Bigod, widow of Gilbert de Lacy of Ewyas Lacy; in. (2) after 1230 Sir John Fitz Geoffrey, d, Nov. 23 1268, of Shere Farnbridge, etc., Justiciar of Ireland, 1245-1266, son of Geoffrey Fitz Piers, Earl of Essex and Aveline de Clare (20-26)
 30. Maud Fitz John. buried 7 May 1301; m, (2) before 1270, William de Beauchamp, b, 1237, buried 22 June 1298, 9th Earl of Warwick.
 31, Isabel de Beauchamp, d. 1306; m. Sir Patrick Chaworth, d. ca. 7 July 1283, Lord of Kidwelly, Wales, son of Patrick de Chaworth.
 32. Maud de Chaworth, m, 1298, Henry Plantagenet (8C-29)

KINGS OF ENGLAND AND SOME OF THEIR DESCENDANTS

Line 8

1. Cerdic, King of the West Saxons, 619-634, was a Saxon earldorman who founded a settlement on the coast of Hampshire, England, in 495, assumed the title of King of the West Saxons in 619, and became the ancestor of the English royal line,
 2. Creeds, son Cerdic, father of Cynric (?)
 3. Cynric, son of Cerdic, was King of the West Saxons, 534-560.
 4, Ceawlin, son of Cynric, undertook the government of the West Saxons, 660 and reigned thirty winters.
 5, Cuthwine, son of Ceawlin and father of Cutha, did not rule.
 6, Cutha, son of Cuthwine and father of Ceolwald and the younger Cynegils, did not rule.
 7. Ceowald, did not rule. King Cynegils, his brother, was baptized, 636, by Bishop Birinus at Dorchester.
 8, Cenred, son of Ceolwald and father of King Ina and Ingild, did not rule.
 9. Ingild, d. 718, son of Cenred and father of Eoppa, did not rule.
 10. Eoppa, son of Ingild, father of Eafa, did not rule.
 11, Eafa, son of Eoppa, did not rule.
 12, Eahlmund, son of Eafa,
 13, Egbert, b. 775, d. after 19 Nov. 838, son of Eahlmund, King of Kent. Egbert was King of Wessex, 802-827, and was the first King of all England, 827-836; m. Raedburh. The male line of kings descends from him to Edward the Confessor and the female line to the present time.
 14, Aethelwulf, King of England, 839-858, d. 13 Jan. 858; m. (1) Osburh, dau. of Oslac, the royal cup-bearer.
 15. Alfred the Great, King of England, 871-901, b. Wantage, Berkshire, 849, d. 28 Oct, .901; m. Ealhswith, d, ca. 905, dau. of Earl Aethelred of Mercia and Eadburh, He founded the British Navy, organized the militia, compiled a code of laws and built schools and monasteries.